Should be holding the post of a Reader or above in a Dental Institution approved/recognised by the Dental Council of India for B.D.S.

Note:

- In case of Public Health Dentistry, as there is acute shortage of teachers one examiner from Public Health Dentistry and the second one could be from Periodontics. To be reviewed after three years.
- In case of Physiology and Biochemistry if Internal examiner is from Physiology, External
 examiner should be from Biochemistry or wise versa
- Incase of Pathology and Microbiology if Internal is examiner is from Pathology, External
 examiner should be from Microbiology or wise versa
- 4. In case of Dental Materials, if internal is from Prosthodontics, external should be from Conservative Dentistry and wise versa

50% of Examiners appointed shall be external from Dental Institutions approved/recognised by the Dental Council of India for B.D.S. Course, from other University, preferably from outside the State.

Reciprocal arrangement of Examiners should be discouraged, in that, the Internal Examiner in a subject should not accept external examinership for a College from which External Examiner is appointed in his subject for the corresponding period.

No person shall be an external Examiner to the same University for more than 3 consecutive years. However, if there is a break of one year the person can be re-appointed.

"Minimum Physical Requirement and Minimum Staffing Pattern (as per DCI Regulations 2006)."

GOALS AND OBJECTIVES - BDS

GOALS:

The dental graduates during training in the institutions should acquire adequate knowledge, necessary skills and reasonable attitudes which are required for carrying out all activities appropriate to general dental practice involving the prevention, diagnosis and treatment of anomalies and diseases of the teeth, mouth, jaws and associated tissues. The graduate also should understand the concept of community oral health education and be able to participate in the rural health care delivery programmes existing in the country.

OBJECTIVES:

The objectives are dealt under three headings (a) Knowledge and understanding (b) skills and (c) Attitudes.

(A) KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING:

The graduate should acquire the following during the period of training.

- Adequate knowledge of the scientific foundations on which dentistry is based and good understanding of various relevant scientific methods, principles of biological functions and be able to evaluate and analyse scientifically various established facts and data.
- Adequate knowledge of the development, structure and function of the teeth, mouth and jaws
 and associated tissues both in health and disease and their relationship and effect on general
 state of health and also bearing on physical and social well being of the patient.
- Adequate knowledge of clinical disciplines and methods which provide a coherent picture of anomalies, lesions and diseases of the teeth, mouth and jaws and preventive diagnostic and therapeutic aspects of dentistry.
- 4. Adequate clinical experience required for general dental practice.
- Adequate knowledge of the constitution, biological function and behaviour of persons in health
 and sickness as well as the influence of the natural and social environment on the state of
 health in so far as it affect dentistry.

(B) SKILLS:

A graduate should be able to demonstrate the following skills necessary for practice of dentistry.

- Able to diagnose and manage various common dental problems encountered in general dental
 practice keeping in mind the expectations and the right of the society to receive the best
 possible treatment available wherever possible.
- Acquire the skill to prevent and manage complications if encountered while carrying out various surgical and other procedures.
- Possess skill to carry out certain investigative procedures and ability to interpret laboratory findings.
- 4. Promote oral health and help prevent oral diseases where possible.
- Competent in the control of pain and anxiety among the patients during dental treatment.

(C) ATTITUDES:

A graduate should develop during the training period the following attitudes.

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- Willing to apply the current knowledge of dentistry in the best interest of the patients and the community.
- Maintain a high standard of professional ethics and conduct and apply these in all aspects of professional life.
- Seek to improve awareness and provide possible solutions for oral health problems and needs through out the community.
- Willingness to participate in the CPED Programmes to update the knowledge and professional skill from time to time.
- 5. To help and participate in the implementation of the national oral health policy.

RECOMMENDATIONS

GENERAL:

The undergraduate course involves organisation of teaching programmes year-wise. However, this course, as a whole, should demonstrate integration of the basic sciences, clinical dentistry and practical or the laboratory skills. The course should be designed and integrated in such a way to permit smooth progression from pre-clinical to clinical phase. Collaboration should be encouraged between teachers of basic sciences, dental sciences and clinical subjects.

2. The undergraduate dental course consists of three main components. The first component consists subjects common to medicine and dentistry like anatomy, physiology, biochemistry and behavioural science, leading to pharmacology, pathology, microbiology and then on to general medicine and general surgery. The second component runs concurrently with the first and deals with special aspects of oral and dental tissues, oral biology and oral pathology. Finally, the third component based on the foundations of the first two, deals with the clinical and technical aspects of dentistry as is required for general dental practice.

3. The first component of the course is intended to provide initially, an appreciation of normal human structure, development, function and behaviour, leading to understanding of the diseases, its prevention and treatment. The main objective is to provide the student a broad knowledge of the normal structures and functions of the body, the alterations which take place in disease with particular reference to those conditions in which medical and dental co-operation is essential for proper management. At this stage, the student should also be made aware of the social and psychological aspects of patient care with special reference to the relationship between dentist and patient. The behavioural sciences including both sociology and psychology should be introduced at the initial stages of the training programme, much before the students actually deal with the patients.

4. The second component of dental undergraduate programme consists instruction in the subjects dealing with dental and oral aspects to ensure a detailed knowledge of the structure and function of the dental and oral tissues. This enables the student to diagnose, prevent and treat the dental and oral diseases and disorders which were not included in the first component. The subject of oral biology is to be introduced at this level to provide the students a comprehensive knowledge and application of oral physiology, microbiology, biochemistry and oral immunology. Students should be exposed to the basic aspects of forensic odontology at this stage of the course along with oral biology/oral pathology.

5. The third component of the course comprising the clinical and technical aspects of dentistry actually prepares the student to undertake total oral and dental health care of the patients of all ages. The emphasis at this stage should be on the prevention of the various dental diseases and how to preserve natural teeth with their supporting structures. The importance of the various preventive methods need to be stressed. The significance of diagnosis of various dental and oral problems needs to be emphasized along with treatment planning before actual treatment procedures are undertaken.

In addition to acquiring the knowledge, the students need to gain adequate clinical hands-onexperience in extractions and other minor oral surgical procedures, all aspects of conservative dentistry, endodontics, crown and bridge, provision of partial and complete dentures, various periodontal therapeutic procedures and use of removable orthodontic appliances. Familiarity with various radiological techniques, particularly intra-oral methods and proper interpretation of the radiographs, is an essential part of this component of training and has application in clinical diagnosis, forensic identification and age estimation.

Towards the final stage of the clinical training, each student should be involved in comprehensive oral health care or holistic approach to enable them to plan and treat patients as a whole, instead of piece-meal treatment provided in each speciality. The Dental Council of India strongly recommends that all the dental colleges should provide facilities and required infrastructure for this purpose.

The aim of the undergraduate programme should undoubtedly be to produce a graduate, competent in general dental practice.

6. The commitment towards the society as a whole, needs to be stressed along with the knowledge and treatment skills gained. Instruction in public health dentistry should emphasise the sociological aspects of health care particularly, oral health care, including the reasons for the

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Objectives

*The topics assigned to the different papers are generally evaluated under those sections. However a strict division of the subject may not be possible and some overlapping of topics is inevitable. Students should be prepared to answer overlapping topics.

B. Practical / Clinical Examination

200 Marks

The duration of Clinical and Viva Voce examination will be 2 days for a batch of four students. If the number of candidates exceeds 4, the programme can be extended to 3rd day.

Day 1

Clinical Exercise I – (Diagnosis, Treatme	Random case discussion – (2) - nt, Planning & Discussion)	10+10 Marks
Cast core preparation		
(i) Tooth Preparation		20 marks
(ii) Direct Wax Pattern		10 marks
(iii) Casting		10 marks
(iv) Cementation -		05 marks
(v) Retraction & Elastomeric Impression -		05 marks
Clinical Exercise II	andr att in ammegerer beschippe vers To andre stor ochsise och	30 Marks
(Inlay Exercise)		
(i) Tooth preparation for Class II Inlay (Gold or Esthetic)	ensen of the bear some success	20 marks
(ii) Fabrication of Indirect Pattern	en 15 dans bedie eenVersopen de	10 marks
Day 2		
Clinical Exercise III	•	100 Marks
(Molar Endodontics)		
(i) Local Anaesthesia and Rubber Dam application	nt Trus and dam stone and in the Control of the police of the control	20 marks
(ii) Access Cavity	id (2020) on all will explain the co	20 marks
(iii) Working length determination	ш 4936жы цыгелей баневын үзүгө •	20 marks
(iv) Canal Preparation	•	20 marks
(v) Master cone selection	sana nabalisena na energia sensi sensi se	20 marks
Viva Voce	: 100	Marks
i. Viva-Voce examination :	80	marks
All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly of	on candidate's comprehension anal	stical approach expression

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy Exercise

20 marks

A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

5. ORTHODONTICS AND DENTOFACIAL ORTHOPEDICS

OBJECTIVES:

C.

The training programme in Orthodontics is to structure and achieve the following four objectives

Knowledge:

- 1. The dynamic interaction of biologic processes and mechanical forces acting on the stomatognathic system during orthodontic treatment
- 2. The etiology, pathophysiology, diagnosis and treatment planning of various common Orthodontic problems
- 3. Various treatment modalities in Orthodontics preventive, interceptive and corrective.

- 4. Basic sciences relevant to the practice of Orthodontics
- 5. Interaction of social, cultural, economic, genetic and environmental factors and their relevance to management of oro facial deformities
- 6. Factors affecting the long-range stability of orthodontic correction and their management
- 7. Personal hygiene and infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of hospital waste, keeping in view the high prevalence of Hepatitis and HIV and other highly contagious diseases.

Skills:

- 1. To obtain proper clinical history, methodical examination of the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures, and interpret them and arrive at a reasonable diagnosis about the Dento-facial deformities.
- 2. To be competent to fabricate and manage the most appropriate appliance intra or extra oral, removable or fixed, mechanical or functional, and active or passive for the treatment of any orthodontic problem to be treated singly or as a part of multidisciplinary treatment of oro-facial deformities.

Attitude:

- 1. Develop an attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspects of Orthodontic practice.
- 2. Professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered
- 3. Treatment care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, cast, creed and religion of the patients.
- 4. Willingness to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues
- 5. Willingness to adopt, after a critical assessment, new methods and techniques of orthodontic management developed from time to time based on scientific research, which are in the best interest of the patient
- 6. Respect patients' rights and privileges, including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion
- 7. Develop attitude to seek opinion from allied medical and dental specialists as and when required

Communication Skills:

- 1. Develop adequate communication skills particularly with the patients giving them the various options available to manage a particular Dento-facial problem and to obtain a true informed consent from them for the most appropriate treatment available at that point of time.
- 2. Develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues, in Orthodontics or other specialties through various media like correspondence, Internet, e-video, conference, etc. to render the best possible treatment.

COURSE CONTENT:

The program outlined, addresses both the knowledge needed in Orthodontics and allied Medical specialties in its scope.

Spread of the Curriculum:

PART-I:

A. Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy:

- a. Prenatal growth of head:
 - Stages of embryonic development, origin of head, origin of face, origin of teeth.
- Postnatal growth of head:
 Bones of skull, the oral cavity, development of chin, the hyoid bone, general growth of head, growth of the face.
- Bone growth:
 Origin of bone, composition of bone, units of bone structure, schedule of Ossification, mechanical properties of bone, roentgen graphic appearance of bone
- d. Assessment of growth and development: Growth prediction, growth spurts, the concept of normality and growth increments of growth, differential growth, gradient of growth, methods of gathering growth data. Theories of growth and recent advances, factors affecting physical growth.
- e. Muscles of mastication:

2. Case presentation and discussion:

(a) One long case

100 Marks

(b) Two short cases

60 Marks

40 Marks (20 marks

each)

C. Viva Voce

i. Viva-Voce examination:

100 Marks

80 Marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy:

20 Marks

A topic be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

4. CONSERVATIVE DENTISTRY AND ENDODONTICS

OBJECTIVES:

The following objectives are laid out to achieve the goals of the course. These are to be achieved by the time the candidate completes the course. These objectives may be considered under the following subtitles.

Knowledge:

At the end of 36 months of training, the candidates should be able to:

- Describe etiology, pathophysiology, periapical diagnosis and management of common restorative situations, endodontic situations that will include contemporary management of dental caries, management of trauma and pulpal pathosis including periodontal situations.
- Demonstrate understanding of basic sciences as relevant to conservative / restorative dentistry and Endodontics.
- Identify social, economic, environmental and emotional determinants in a given case or community and take them into account for planning and execution at individual and community level.
- Ability to master differential diagnosis and recognize conditions that may require multi disciplinary approach or a
 clinical situation outside the realm of the specialty, which he or she should be able to recognize and refer to
 appropriate specialist.
- Update himself by self-study and by attending basic and advanced courses, conferences, seminars, and workshops in the specialty of Conservative Dentistry-Endodontics-Dental Materials and Restorative Dentistry.
- Ability to teach/guide, colleagues and other students.
 Use information technology tools and carry out research both basic and clinical with the aim of his publishing his work and presenting the same at scientific platform.

Skills:

- Take proper chair side history, examine the patient and perform medical and dental diagnostic procedures as
 well as perform relevant tests and interpret to them to come to a reasonable diagnosis about the dental condition
 in general and Conservative Dentistry Endodontics in particular. And undertake complete patient monitoring
 including preoperative as well as post operative care of the patient.
- Perform all levels of restorative work, surgical and non-surgical Endodontics as well as endodontic-periodontal surgical procedures as part of multidisciplinary approach to clinical condition.
- Provide basic life saving support in emergency situations.
- Manage acute pulpal and pulpo periodontal situations.
- Have a thorough knowledge of infection control measures in the dental clinical environment and laboratories.
- Should have proper knowledge of sterilization procedures

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Human Values, Ethical Practice and Communication Abilities

- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of restorative and contemporary Endodontics including non-surgical and
- Professional honesty and integrity should be the top priority.
- Dental care has to be provided regardless of social status, caste, creed or religion of the patient.
- Develop communication skills in particular to explain various options available for management and to obtain a true informed consent from the patient.
- Apply high moral and ethical standards while carrying on human or animal research.
- He/She shall not carry out any heroic procedures and must know his limitations in performing all aspects of restorative dentistry including Endodontics. Ask for help from colleagues or seniors when required without
- Respect patient's rights and privileges including patients right to information.

COURSE CONTENTS:

PART-I:

Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy of Head and Neck:

- Development of face, paranasal sinuses and the associated structures and their anomalies, cranial and facial bones, TMJ anatomy and function, arterial and venous drainage of head and neck, muscles of face and neck including muscles of mastication and deglutition, brief consideration of structures and function of brain. Brief consideration of all cranial nerves and autonomic nervous system of head and neck. Salivary glands, Functional anatomy of mastication, deglutition and speech. Detailed anatomy of deciduous and permanent teeth, general consideration in physiology of permanent dentition, form, function, alignment, contact, occlusion.
- Internal anatomy of permanent teeth and its significance.
- Applied histology histology of skin, oral mucosa, connective tissue, bone, cartilage, blood vessels, lymphatics,

Anatomy and Development of Teeth:

- Enamel development and composition, physical characteristics, chemical properties, structure.
- Age changes clinical structure.
- Dentin development, physical and chemical properties, structure type of dentin, innervations, age and functional changes and clinical considerations.
- Pulp development, histological structures, innervations, functions, regressive changes, clinical considerations.
- Dentin and pulp complex.
- Cementum composition, cementogenesis, structure, function, clinical considerations.
- Knowledge of internal anatomy of permanent teeth, anatomy of root apex and its implications in endodontic
- Periodontal ligament development, structure, function and clinical considerations.
- Salivary glands structure, function, clinical considerations.

Applied Physiology:

- Mastication, deglutition, digestion and assimilation, fluid and electrolyte balance.
- Blood composition, volume, function, blood groups, haemostasis, coagulation, blood transfusion, circulation, heart, pulse, blood pressure, shock, respiration-control, anoxia, hypoxia, asphyxia, artificial respiration, and endocrinology - general principles of endocrine activity and disorders relating to pituitary, thyroid, parathyroid, adrenals including pregnancy and lactation.
- Physiology of saliva composition, function, clinical significance.
- Clinical significance of vitamins, diet and nutrition balanced diet.
- Physiology of pain, sympathetic and Para sympathetic nervous system, pain pathways, physiology of pulpal pain, Odontogenic and non Odontogenic pain, pain disorders - typical and atypical.
- Biochemistry such as osmotic pressure, electrolytic dissociation, oxidation, reduction etc. Carbohydrates, proteins, lipids and their metabolism, nucleoproteins, nucleic acid and their metabolism. Enzymes, vitamins and minerals, metabolism of inorganic elements, detoxification in the body, anti metabolites, chemistry of blood lymph and urine.

Distribution of Marks for Clinical examination (recommended)

a) Long Case discussion		75	
b) 1 short case	en de Bren	25	Filmonia de
c) Periodontal surgery	1.	Anesthesia	10
hts. Representation of the second contract of the second	2.	Incision	20
	3.	Post Surgery Evaluation	25
	4.	Sutures	10
	5.	Pack (if any)	10
Post – operative review	25		
Total	es Perilipo	200	our color o

C. Viva Voce :

i. Viva-Voce examination:

100 Marks 80 marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expression, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

ii. Pedagogy Exercise:

20 marks

A topic will be given to each candidate in the beginning of clinical examination. He/she is asked to make a presentation on the topic for 8-10 minutes.

3. ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

OBJECTIVES:

The training program in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery is structured to achieve the following five objectives-

- Knowledge
- Skills
- Attitude
- Communicative skills and ability
- Research

Knowledge:

- To have acquired adequate knowledge and understanding of the etiology, pathophysiology and diagnosis, treatment planning of various common oral and Maxillofacial surgical problems both minor and major in nature
- To have understood the general surgical principles like pre and post surgical management, particularly
 evaluation, post surgical care, fluid and electrolyte management, blood transfusion and post surgical pain
 management.
- · Understanding of basic sciences relevant to practice of oral and maxillofacial surgery
- Able to identify social, cultural, economic, genetic and environmental factors and their relevance to disease process management in the oral and Maxillofacial region.
- Essential knowledge of personal hygiene and infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of hospital waste keeping in view the high prevalence of hepatitis and HIV.

Skills:

- To obtain proper clinical history, methodical examination of the patient, perform essential diagnostic procedures
 and order relevant laboratory tests and interpret them and to arrive at a reasonable diagnosis about the surgical
 condition.
- To perform with competence minor oral surgical procedures and common maxillofacial surgery. To treat both surgically and medically the problems of the oral and Maxillofacial and the related area.
- Capable of providing care for maxillofacial surgery patients.

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Attitude:

- Develop attitude to adopt ethical principles in all aspect of surgical practice, professional honesty and integrity are to be fostered. Surgical care is to be delivered irrespective of the social status, caste, creed or religion of the
- Willing to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
- Willing to adopt new techniques of surgical management developed from time to time based on scientific research which are in the best interest of the patient
- Respect patient right and privileges, including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
- Develop attitude to seek opinion from an allied medical and dental specialists as and when required.

Communication Skills:

- Develop adequate communication skills particularly with the patients giving them the various options available to manage a particular surgical problem and obtain a true informed consent from them for the most appropriate treatment available at that point of time
- Develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues.
- Develop ability to teach undergraduates.

COURSE CONTENT:

The speciality of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery deals with the diagnosis and management of the diseases of stomatognathic system, jaw bones, cranio-maxillofacial region, salivary glands and temporomandibular joints etc. Within this framework it also supports many vital organs like eye, oropharynx, nasopharynx and major blood vessels and nerves. The traumatic injuries of maxillofacial skeleton are independently managed by Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons. Whenever there are orbital injuries the ophthalmologists are trained only to tackle injuries of the eye ball (globe) but if there are associated injuries of the orbital skeleton, the Maxillofacial Surgeon is involved in its reconstruction. Similarly, nasal bone fracture may be managed by ENT surgeons. Most of the time nasal bone fractures are associated with fractures of the maxilla, mandible and zygomatic bones which are being managed by Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons. The maxillofacial facial injuries at times are associated with head injuries also. The Oral & maxillofacial Surgeon is involved in the management of cleft lip & cleft palate, orthognathic surgery, micro vascular surgery, reconstructive and oncological surgical procedures of maxillofacial region. The speciality of Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery is a multi disciplinary speciality and needs close working in co-ordination with Neurosurgeons, Oncosurgeons, Opthalmologists, ENT Surgeons and Plastic Surgeons. The Oral & Maxillofacial Surgeons, Ophthalmologist, ENT Surgeons, Plastic Surgeons, Neuro-Surgeons and Oncologists complement each other by performing Surgical Procedures with their respective expertise and knowledge thereby benefiting the patients and students of the respective specialities.

The program outline addresses both the knowledge needed in Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery and allied medical specialties in its scope. A minimum of three years of formal training through a graded system of education as specified will equip the trainee with skill and knowledge at its completion to be able to practice basic oral and Maxillofacial surgery competently and have the ability to intelligently pursue further apprenticeship towards advanced Maxillofacial surgery.

The topics are considered as under:-

- A) Applied Basic sciences
- B) Oral and Maxillofacial surgery
- C) Allied specialties

A) Applied Basic Sciences:

Applied Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry, General and Oral Pathology and Microbiology, Pharmacology and Knowledge in Basic Statistics.

Applied Anatomy:

- 1. Surgical anatomy of the scalp, temple and face
- 2. Anatomy of the triangles of neck and deep structures of the neck
- 3. Cranial and facial bones and its surrounding soft tissues with its applied aspects in maxillofacial injuries.

B. Viva Voce:

100 Marks

I. Viva-Voce examination:

80 marks

All examiners will conduct viva-voce conjointly on candidate's comprehension, analytical approach, expressions, interpretation of data and communication skills. It includes all components of course contents. It includes presentation and discussion on dissertation also.

II. Pedagogy

20 marks

2. PERIODONTOLOGY:

OBJECTIVES:

The following objectives are laid out to achieve the goals of the course

A) KNOWLEDGE:

Discuss historical perspective to advancement in the subject proper and related topics.

- Describe etiology, pathogenesis, diagnosis and management of common periodontal diseases with emphasis on Indian population
- Familiarize with the biochemical, microbiologic and immunologic genetic aspects of periodontal pathology
- Describe various preventive periodontal measures
- Describe various treatment modalities of periodontal disease from historical aspect to currently available ones
- Describe interrelationship between periodontal disease and various systemic conditions
- Describe periodontal hazards due to estrogenic causes and deleterious habits and prevention of it
- Identify rarities in periodontal disease and environmental/Emotional determinates in a given case
- Recognize conditions that may be outside the area of his/her Speciality/ competence and refer them to an
 appropriate Specialist
- Decide regarding non-surgical or surgical management of the case
- Update the student by attending courses, conferences and seminars relevant to periodontics or by self-learning process.
- Plan out/ carry out research activity both basic and clinical aspects with the aim of publishing his/her work in scientific journals
- Reach to the public to motivate and educate regarding periodontal disease, its prevention and consequences if not treated
- Plan out epidemiological survey to assess prevalence and incidence of early onset periodontitis and adult periodontitis in Indian population (Region wise)
- Shall develop knowledge, skill in the science and practice of Oral Implantology
- Shall develop teaching skill in the field of Periodontology and Oral Implantology
- Principals of Surgery and Medical Emergencies.
- To sensitize students about inter disciplinary approach towards the soft tissues of the oral cavity with the help of specialist from other departments.

B) SKILLS:

- Take a proper clinical history, thorough examination of intra oral, extra oral, medical history evaluation, advice
 essential diagnostic procedures and interpret them to come to a reasonable diagnosis
- Effective motivation and education regarding periodontal disease maintenance after the treatment
- Perform both non-surgical & education regarding periodontal disease, maintenance after the treatment
- Perform both non-surgical and surgical procedures independently
- Provide Basic Life Support Service (BLS) recognizes the need for advance life support and does the immediate need for that.
- Human values, ethical practice to communication abilities
- Adopt ethical principles in all aspects of treatment modalities; Professional honesty & integrity are to be
 fostered. Develop Communication skills to make awareness regarding periodontal disease Apply high moral and
 ethical standards while carrying out human or animal research, Be humble, accept the limitations in his/her
 knowledge and skill, and ask for help from colleagues when needed, Respect patients rights and privileges,
 including patients right to information and right to seek a second opinion.
- To learn the principal of lip repositioning and perio esthetics surgeries.

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DENTAL COUNCIL OF INDIA NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 26th August, 2019

No. DE-87(3)-2019.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the Dentists Act, 1948, the Dental Council of India, with the previous sanction of the Central Government, hereby makes the following Amendment to the Principle Dental Council of India, Master of Dental Surgery Course Regulations, 2017, published in Part III, Section 4 of the Gazette of India, Extraordinary, dated 05th September, 2017 namely:-

- Short title and Commencement:-
 - (i) These Regulations may be called the Dental Council of India, Master of Dental Surgery Course (3rd Amendment) Regulations, 2019.
 - (ii) They shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the Official Gazette.
- 2. In the "Dental Council of India, Master of Dental Surgery Course Regulations, 2017", in Part VI after Regulation 24(ix), a new regulation 24(x) shall be inserted as under:-

"24(x) The detailed syllabus for all the specialities is annexed as SCHEDULE-IX to these regulations."

Dr. SABYASACHI SAHA, Secy. [Advt-III/4/Exty./188/19]

Foot Note: The Principle Regulation namely, "Dental Council of India, Master of Dental Surgery Course Regulations, 2017" was published in Part III, Section, Section (4) of the Gazette of India vide Notification dated the 5th September, 2017 and amended vide notification dated 15.03.2018, 18.09.2018.

SCHEDULE - IX

(See regulation 24)

29. SYALLBUS FOR M.D.S. IN VARIOUS SPECIALTIES

The syllabus for MDS course includes both Applied Basic Sciences and subjects of concerned specialty. The syllabus in Applied Basic Sciences shall vary according to the particular specialty; similarly the candidates shall also acquire adequate knowledge in other subjects related to their respective specialty.

1. PROSTHODONTICS AND CROWN & BRIDGE

AIM:

To train the dental graduates so as to ensure higher level of competence in both general and specialty areas of Prosthodontics and prepare candidates with teaching, research and clinical abilities including prevention and after care in Prosthodontics – removable dental prosthodontics, fixed dental prosthodontics (Crown &Bridge), implantology, maxillofacial prosthodontics and esthetic dentistry.

GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE:

Training program for the dental graduates in Prosthetic dentistry—removable dental prosthodontics, fixed dental prosthodontics (Crown & Bridge), implantology, maxillofacial prosthodontics and esthetic dentistry and Crown & Bridge including Implantology is structured to achieve knowledge and skill in theoretical and clinical laboratory, attitude, communicative skills and ability to perform research with a good understanding of social, cultural, educational and environmental background of the society.

- To have adequate acquired knowledge and understanding of applied basic and systemic medical sciences, both in general and in particularly of head and neck region.
- The postgraduates should be able to provide Prosthodontic therapy for patients with competence and working knowledge with understanding of applied medical, behavioral and clinical science, that are beyond the treatment skills of the general BDS graduates and MDS graduates of other specialties.
- To demonstrate evaluative and judgment skills in making appropriate decisions regarding prevention, treatment, after care and referrals to deliver comprehensive care to patients.

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KNOWLEDGE:

The candidate should possess knowledge of applied basic and systemic medical sciences.

- On human anatomy, embryology, histology, applied in general and particularly to head and neck, Physiology & Biochemistry, Pathology Microbiology & virology; health and diseases of various systems of the body (systemic) principles in surgery and medicine, pharmacology, nutrition, behavioral science, age changes, genetics, Immunology, Congenital defects & syndromes and Anthropology, Bioengineering, Bio-medical & Biological Principles.
- The student shall acquire knowledge of various Dental Materials used in the specialty and be able to provide appropriate indication, understand the manipulation characteristics, compare with other materials available, be adept with recent advancements of the same.
- Students shall acquire knowledge and practice of history taking, Diagnosis, treatment planning, prognosis, record maintenance of oral, craniofacial and systemic region.
- Ability for comprehensive rehabilitation concept with pre prosthetic treatment plan including surgical reevaluation and prosthodontic treatment planning, impressions, jaw relations, utility of face bows, articulators,
 selection and positioning of teeth, teeth arrangement for retention, stability, esthetics, phonation, psychological
 comfort, fit and insertion.
- Instructions for patients in after care and preventive Prosthodontics and management of failed restorations shall be possessed by the students.
- Understanding of all the applied aspects of achieving physical, psychological well-being of the patients for control of diseases and / or treatment related syndromes with the patient satisfaction and restoring function of Cranio mandibular system for a quality life of a patient.
- Ability to diagnose and plan treatment for patients requiring Prosthodontic therapy.
- Ability to read and interpret radiographs, and other investigations for the purpose of diagnosis and treatment planning.
- The theoretical knowledge and clinical practice shall include principles involved for support, retention, stability, esthetics, phonation, mastication, occlusion, behavioral, psychological, preventive and social aspects of Prosthodontics science of Oral and Maxillofacial Prosthodontics and Implantology.
- Tooth and tooth surface restorations, Complete denture Prosthodontics, removable partial denture Prosthodontics, fixed prosthodontics and maxillofacial and Craniofacial Prosthodontics, implants and implant supported Prosthodontics, T.M.J. and occlusion, craniofacial esthetics, and biomaterials, craniofacial disorders, problems of psychogenic origin.
- Should have knowledge of age changes, geriatric psychology, nutritional considerations and prosthodontic therapy in the aged population.
- Should have ability to diagnose failed restoration and provide prosthodontic therapy and after care.
- Should have essential knowledge on ethics, laws, and Jurisprudence and Forensic Odontology in Prosthodontics.
- Should know general health conditions and emergency as related to prosthodontics treatment like allergy of various materials and first line management of aspiration of prosthesis.
- Should identify social, cultural, economic, environmental, educational and emotional determinants of the patient
 and consider them in planning the treatment.
- Should identify cases, which are outside the area of his specialty / competence, refer them to appropriate specialists and perform interdisciplinary case management.
- To advice regarding case management involving surgical and interim treatment.
- Should be competent in specialization of team management in craniofacial prosthesis design.

- To have adequate acquired knowledge, and understanding of applied basic, and systemic medical science knowledge in general and in particular to head and neck regions.
- Should attend continuing education programmes, seminars and conferences related to Prosthodontics, thus updating himself/herself.
- To teach and guide his/her team, colleagues and other students.
- Should be able to use information technology tools and carry out research both in basic and clinical areas, with the aim of publishing his/her work and presenting his/her work at various scientific forums.
- Should have an essential knowledge of personal hygiene, infection control, prevention of cross infection and safe disposal of waste, keeping in view the risk of transmission of potential communicable and transmissible infections like Hepatitis and HIV.
- Should have an ability to plan and establish Prosthodontics clinic/hospital teaching department and practice
- Should have a sound knowledge (of the applications in pharmacology, effects of drugs on oral tissues and systems of body and in medically compromised patients.

SKILLS:

- The candidate should be able to examine the patients requiring Prosthodontic therapy, investigate the patient systemically, analyze the investigation results, radiographs, diagnose the ailment, plan the treatment, communicate it with the patient and execute it.
- To understand the prevalence and prevention of diseases of craniomandibular system related to prosthetic dentistry.
- The candidate should be able to restore lost functions of stomatognathic system like mastication, speech, appearance and psychological comforts by understanding biological, biomedical, bioengineering principles and systemic conditions of the patients to provide quality health care in the craniofacial regions.
- The candidate should be able to demonstrate good interpersonal, communication skills and team approach in interdisciplinary care by interacting with other specialties including medical specialty for planned team management of patients for craniofacial & oral acquired and congenital defects, temporomandibular joint syndromes, esthetics, Implant supported Prosthetics and problems of Psychogenic origins.
- Should be able to demonstrate the clinical competence necessary to carry out appropriate treatment at higher level of knowledge, training and practice skills currently available in their specialty area with a patient centered approach.
- Should be able to interpret various radiographs like IOPA, OPG, CBCT and CT. Should and be able to plan and modify treatment plan based on radiographic findings.
- Should be able to critically appraise articles published and understand various components of different types of articles and be able to gather the weight of evidence from the same.
- To identify target diseases and create awareness amongst the population regarding Prosthodontic therapy.
- To perform Clinical and Laboratory procedures with a clear understanding of biomaterials, tissue conditions related to prosthesis and have required dexterity & skill for performing clinical and laboratory all procedures in fixed, removable, implant, maxillofacial, TMJ and esthetics Prosthodontics.
- To carry out necessary adjunctive procedures to prepare the patient before prosthesis like tissue preparation and preprosthetic surgery and to prepare the patient before prosthesis / prosthetic procedures.
- To understand demographic distribution and target diseases of Cranio mandibular region related to Prosthodontics.

ATTITUDES:

- To adopt ethical principles in Prosthodontic practice, Professional honesty, credibility and integrity are to be fostered. Treatment to be delivered irrespective of social status, caste, creed or religion of patient.
- Should be willing to share the knowledge and clinical experience with professional colleagues.
- Should develop an attitude towards quality, excellence, non-compromising in treatment.
- Should be able to self-evaluate, reflect and improve on their own.
- Should pursue research in a goal to contribute significant, relevant and useful information, concept or methodology to the scientific fraternity.
- Should be able to demonstrate evidence-based practice while handling cases.
- Should be willing to adopt new methods and techniques in prosthodontics from time to time based on scientific research, which are in patient's best interest.
- Should respect patient's rights and privileges, including patient's right to information and right to seek second opinion.

COMMUNICATIVE ABILITIES:

- To develop communication skills, in particular and to explain treatment options available in the management.
- To provide leadership and get the best out of his / her group in a congenial working atmosphere.
- Should be able to communicate in simple understandable language with the patient and explain the principles of
 prosthodontics to the patient. He/She should be able to guide and counsel the patient with regard to various
 treatment modalities available.
- To develop the ability to communicate with professional colleagues through various media like Internet, e-mails, videoconferences etc. to render the best possible treatment.
 Should demonstrate good explanatory and demonstrating ability as a teacher in order to facilitate learning among students.

COURSE CONTENTS:

The course content has been identified and categorized as essential knowledge given below.

ESSENTIAL KNOWLEDGE:

The topics to be considered are Applied Basic Sciences, Oral and Maxillofacial Prosthodontics and Implantology.

APPLIED BASIC SCIENCES:

Should develop thorough knowledge on the applied aspects of Anatomy, Embryology, Histology particularly head and neck, Physiology, Biochemistry, Pathology, Microbiology, Virology, Pharmacology, Health and systematic diseases principles in surgery medicine and Anesthesia, Nutrition, Behavioral sciences, age changes, genetics, Dental Material Science, congenital defects and Syndromes and Anthropology, Biomaterial Sciences, Bio-engineering and Bio-medical and Research Methodology as related to Masters degree Prosthodontics and Crown & Bridge including Implantology.

It is desirable to have adequate knowledge in Bio-statistics, Research Methodology and use of computers to develop necessary teaching skills in the specialty of Prosthodontics including crown and bridge.

APPLIED ANATOMY OF HEAD AND NECK:

General Human Anatomy -Gross Anatomy, anatomy of Head and Neck in detail: Cranial and facial bones, TMJ and function, muscles of mastication and facial expression, muscles of neck and back including muscles of